

"We are the diving technical experts for the U.S. Armed Forces"



Navy Experimental Diving Unit

The Role of Supercritical Cryogenic Air in Diving in Warm, Chem/Bio Polluted Water

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- Chemical protective garments greatly exacerbate heat stress, especially in warm environments.
- In a perfect world, a user's breathing gas would serve as an internal and external body coolant.



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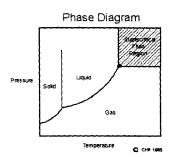
Cryogenic breathing sources make that ideal solution a reality.

Farenheit	Celcius	Kelvin	comments
212	100	373.15	water boils
32	0	273.15	water freezes
-40	-40	233.15	
-297	-183	+	liquid oxygen boils
-300.42	-195.79	77.36	liquid nitrogen boils
-452.11	-268.95	4.2	liquid helium boils
-459.67	-273 15	10	absolute zero



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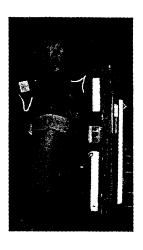
- Liquid air and oxygen have a number of safety issues associated with them.
- Those safety issues are eliminated by the use of <u>supercritical</u> air.



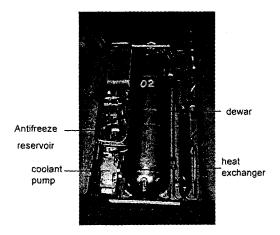
Supercritical fluids are produced by heating a gas above its critical temperature or compressing a liquid above its critical pressure.



- \bullet Supercritical air has a temperature of -320° F at \sim 900 psi.
- It is a single phase fluid with the same density as liquid air.
- If pressure is reduced below about 550 psi, the supercritical fluid converts back to liquid air.



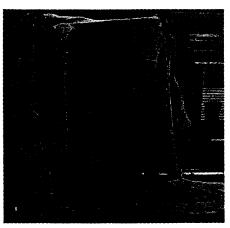
SCAMP -Supercritical Air Mobility Pack





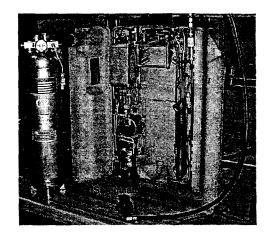
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As breathing gas is consumed, body heat picked up by a tube suit is transported back to the cryogenic dewar to keep the fluid at the pressure needed to keep it supercritical.



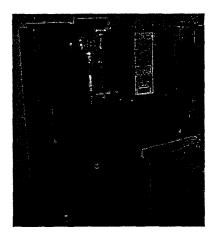
DeltaTemax tubesuit



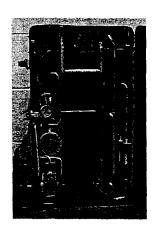








Supercritical air charging station





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• NASA Kennedy Space Center (KSC)
developed the SCAMP through an SBIR
with

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• NASA has dive∟



Testing at NASA Kennedy Space Center





- NEDU is engaged in a MOU with NASA's KSC to:
- help them convert the open-circuit SCAMP into a closed-circuit unit, thereby extending duration.



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- The Air Force was evaluating the SCAMP for use in fire fighting.
- The Air Force effort is on hold pending ORs.



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- NEDU is exploring the use of the SCAMP for chem/bio protection on dry land, and
- · in contaminated or warm water.



M45 gas mask



Informal demo



115° F, partial chemical protective garments



hose to ISI regulator

hoses to and from tube suit



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SUMMARY

- Wearer was comfortable wearing chem/bio protective garments while conducting moderately heavy work in 110 - 120° F ambient temps.
- \bullet There was no fogging of the gas mask, a serious limitation with existing SCBA.

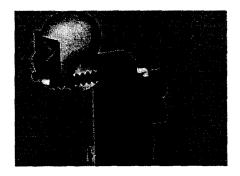


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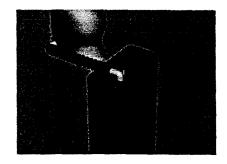


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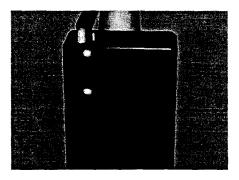




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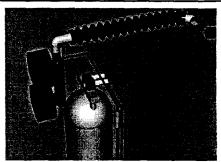


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SUMMARY

- •The SCAMP is quickly moving from a developmental item to a fleet useful product.
- •The SCAMP has been dived, and in principle, needs only changes in material to be certifiable for diving in warm, contaminated water.